REHABILITATION OF ISOLATED MCL SPRAINS

This program may be accelerated for Grade I MCL Sprains or may be extended depending on the

severity of the injury. The following schedule serves as guidelines to help return the patient to his/her pre-injury state.Please note that if there is

any increase in pain or swelling or loss of range of motion these serve as signs that the progression of the patient may be too rapid.

MAXIMAL PROTECTION PHASE

Goals: Early protected ROM Prevent quadriceps atrophy Decrease effusion/pain

A. Time of Injury: Day One

Ice, compression, elevation **Hinge knee brace non-painful ROM; if needed (to be determined by physician) Crutches, weight bearing as tolerated** Passive Range of Motion/Active Assistive Range of Motion to maintain ROM Electrical muscle stimulation to quads (8 hours a day) Isometrics Quads: Quad Sets, Straight Leg Raises (Flex) Emphasize: Hamstring stretches AAROM Knee Flexion stretching to tolerance

B. Day Two

Continue above exercises Quadriceps Sets Straight Leg Raises (Flexion, Abduction) Hamstring Isometric Sets Well Leg Exercises Whirlpool for ROM (Cold for first 3-4 days, then warm) High Voltage Galvanic Stimulation to control swelling

C. Day Three - Seven

Continue above exercises Crutches - weight bearing as tolerated ROM as tolerated Eccentric Quad work Bicycle for ROM stimulus Resisted Knee Extension with electrical muscle stim Initiate Hip Add, Ext Initiate Mini-squats Initiate Leg Press Isotonics Brace worn at night, brace during day as needed Continue ROM and stretching exercises

II. MODERATE PROTECTION PHASE

Criteria for Progression:

- 1. No increase in instability
- 2. No increase in swelling
- 3. Minimal tenderness
- 4. PROM 0-100 degrees

Goals: Full painless ROM Restore strength Ambulation without crutches

A. Week Two

Continue strengthening program with PREs Continue electric muscle stim to quads during isotonic strengthening Continue ROM exercises and stretching Emphasize closed kinetic chain exercises; lunges, squats, squats, lateral step-ups Bicycle for endurance and ROM stimulus Water exercises, running in water forward and backward Full ROM exercises Flexibility exercises, hamstrings, quads, IT Band, etc. Proprioception training (balance drills) Stairmaster endurance work lateral lunges, wall

<u>B. Days Eleven - Fourteen</u>

Continue all exercises in week two PREs emphasis quads, medial hamstrings, hip abduction Initiate Isokinetics, sub-maximal -4 maximal fast contractile velocities Begin running program if full painless extension and flexion are present

III. MINIMAL PROTECTION PHASE

<u>Criteria for Progression</u>: 1. No instability 2. No swelling/tenderness

3. Full painless ROM **Goals**: Increase strength and power

Phase III Continued:

A. Week Three Continue Strengthening Program Wall Squats Vertical squats Lunges Lateral Lunges Step ups Leg Press Knee Extension Hip ABD/ADDuction Hamstring Curls Emphasis: Functional Exercise Drills Fast Speed Isokinetics Eccentric Quads Isotonic Hip ADD, Medial Hamstrings Isokinetic Test Proprioception Training Endurance Exercise Stationary Bike 30-40 minutes Nordic Trac, Swimming, etc. Initiate Agility Program, Sport Specific Activities

IV. MAINTENANCE PROGRAM Criteria for return to competition:

1. Full ROM

4.

- 2. No instability
- 3. Muscle strength 85% contralateral side
 - Proprioception ability satisfactory

Maintenance Program

Continue Isotonic Strengthening Exercises Continue Flexibility Exercises Continue Proprioceptive Activities

- 5. No tenderness over MCL
- 6. No effusion
- 7. Quad strength; Torque /BW that fulfills criteria